

OUT MAINE'S GOAL

To create more welcoming and affirming communities for Maine's diverse youth in all of their intersectional identities.

OUT MAINE'S MODEL FOR SUPPORTING LGBTQ+ YOUTH

**SAFE AND AFFIRMING
SCHOOLS**

**A STRONG EDUCATED
PROVIDER SAFETY NET**

**SAFE AND WELCOMING
COMMUNITIES**

**INFORMED AND SUPPORTED
PARENTS AND FAMILIES**

SAFE AND AFFIRMING SCHOOLS

Creating welcoming and affirming school districts

- Strengthen policies and procedures
- Train and educate staff and students
- Support safe spaces - Gay Straight Transgender Alliances (GSTA)
- Consult with educators and administrators

SAFE AND WELCOMING COMMUNITIES

Building youth communities and connections

- Online weekly youth programming
- Support group
- Leadership retreats
- Haystack studio-learning weekend
- Rainbow Ball Weekend

A STRONG EDUCATED PROVIDER SAFETY NET

**Building a strong network of informed
community providers**

- Regional training
- Individual organization/school training
- Online self-paced training

INFORMED AND SUPPORTED PARENTS AND FAMILIES

Supporting parents and families

- Online parent group
- Family events to connect families in communities
- One-on-one consulting

EMPOWERING YOUTH

The changes that can happen for an LGBTQ+ youth when they are:

- Supported
- Feel empowered
- Express themselves as who they really are

Click on the arrow below to continue.



EMPOWERING YOUTH



EMPOWERING YOUTH



LGBTQ+ YOUTH EXPERIENCES



LGBTQ+ youth may experience unsupportive, unwelcoming, and unsafe encounters such as:

- Exclusion from groups
 - Verbal or physical harassment
 - Physical assault
-

MODULE 7

LGBTQ+ STUDENT RIGHTS AND FOUNDATIONAL PRACTICES IN SCHOOLS



LEARNING OBJECTIVES

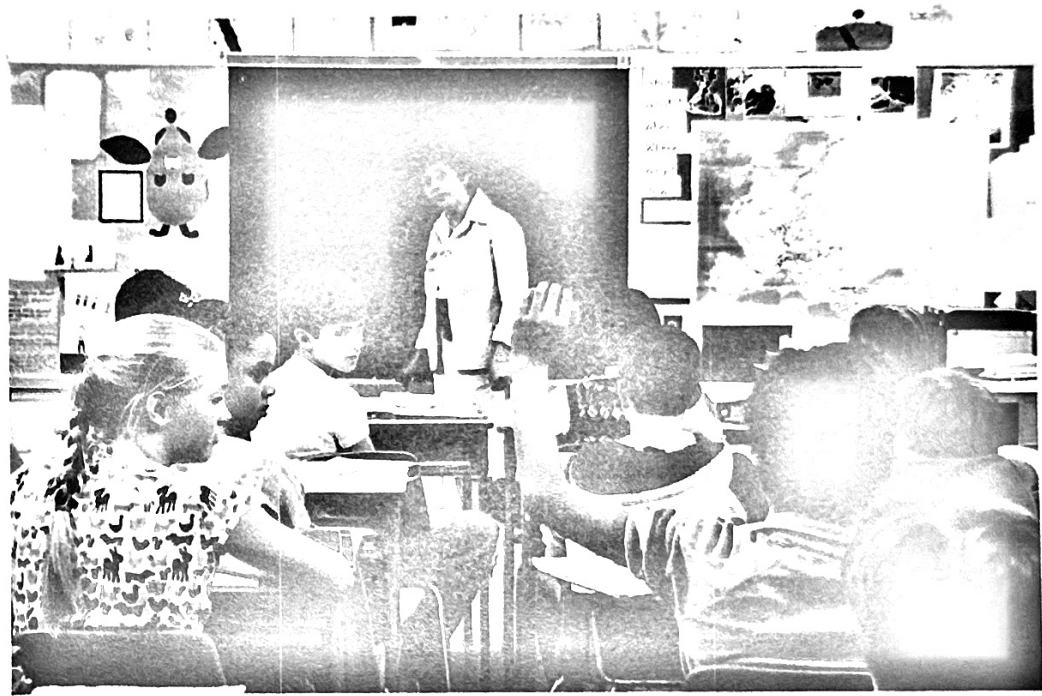
After completing this module, you should be able to:

- Explain the importance of having welcoming and inclusive schools and classrooms
- Describe the supportive federal and Maine laws and rights of LGBTQ+ students
- Understand the foundational practices for supporting and protecting LGBTQ+ youth in schools based on federal and Maine state laws
- Identify inclusive best practices your school is implementing and strategies to expand on the work you have already done

School Climate

Refers to the agreed upon:

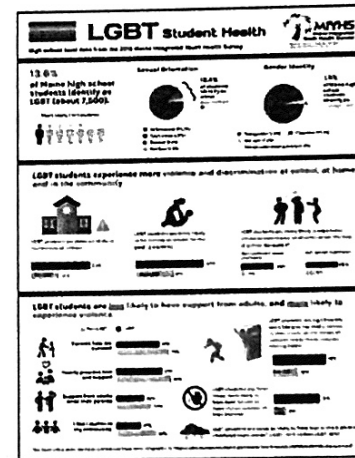
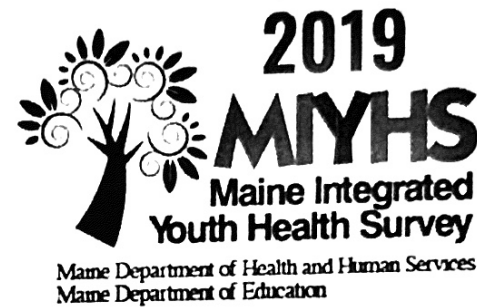
- Norms
- Goals
- Values
- Interpersonal relationship guidelines
- Teaching and learning practices



Challenges Experienced By LGBTQ+ Youth

As compared to their non-LGBT peers,
LGBT students are

- 2 times more likely to be bullied regularly
- 3 times more likely have experienced forced sexual contact
- 2 times more likely to have violence or threat of violence in their home



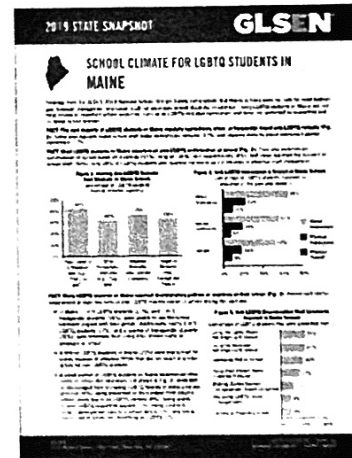
SOURCE

Challenges Experienced By LGBTQ+ Youth

Maine students report significant discrimination. They report being

- 8% prevented or discouraged from playing school sports due to their gender identity
- 5% unable to bring a same-gender date to a school dance
- 2% disciplined for identifying as LGBTQ+

2019 GLSEN®



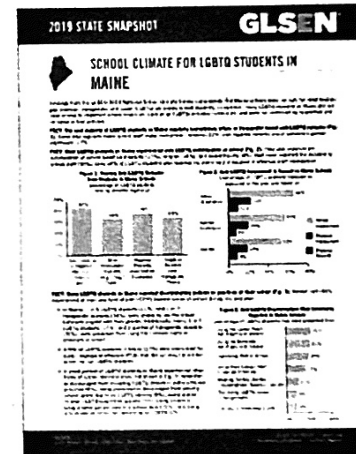
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Challenges Experienced By LGBTQ+ Youth

Maine students report significant discrimination. They report being

- 1 in 3 (34%) were unable to use the school bathroom aligned with their gender identity
- 1 in 4 (26%) were prevented from using their chosen name or pronouns

2019
GLSEN[®]



SOURCE

Challenges Experienced By LGBTQ+ Youth

Risk factors such as

- Stigma
- Discrimination
- Victimization
- Rejection

make LGBTQ+ youth vulnerable to experiencing

- anxiety
- depression
- suicidal ideation



Challenges Experienced By LGBTQ+ Youth

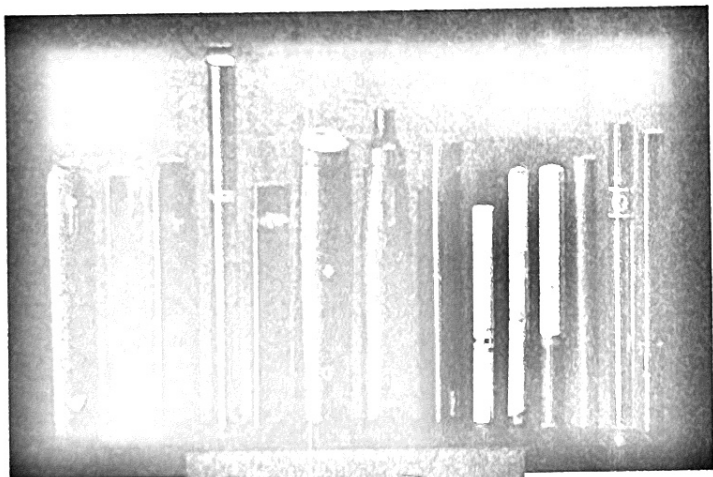
These challenges can lead to increased substance use as a coping strategy such as

- smoking cigarettes
- using marijuana
- misusing prescription drugs

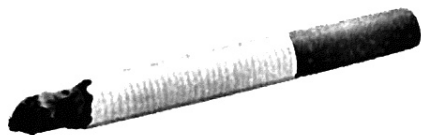


Challenges Experienced

By LGBTQ+ Youth



Gateway Drug



Tobacco is often the first drug of choice.

- 18% of adults smoke cigarettes
- 19% of high school students smoke cigarettes



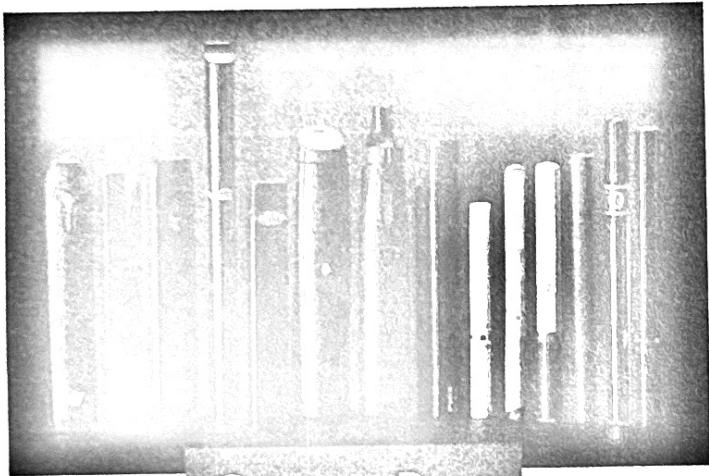
More than twice (13%) the number of
LGBT high school students smoke

VERSUS

their non-LGBT peers (6%)

- rate of e-cigarette use in teens doubled in 2 years
- 30% of LGBT high school students vape

Challenges Experienced By LGBTQ+ Youth

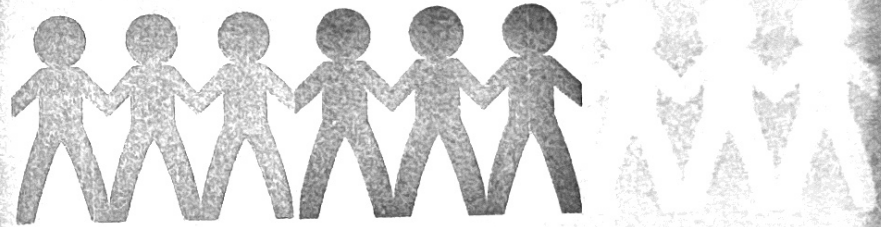


Gateway Drug



Tobacco is often the first drug of choice.

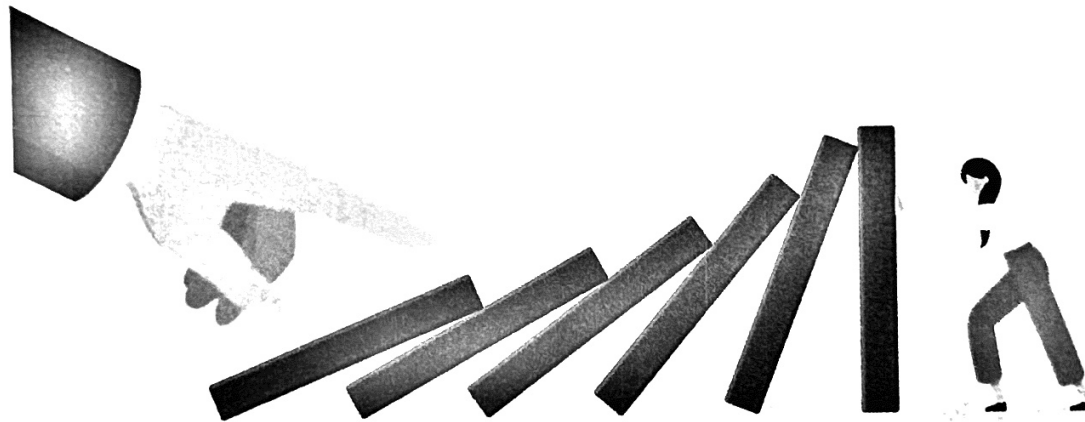
27,000 Maine youth now
under age 18 will die prematurely
from tobacco-related illness,



including 8,100 Maine LGBTQ+
youth.

Improving Outcomes

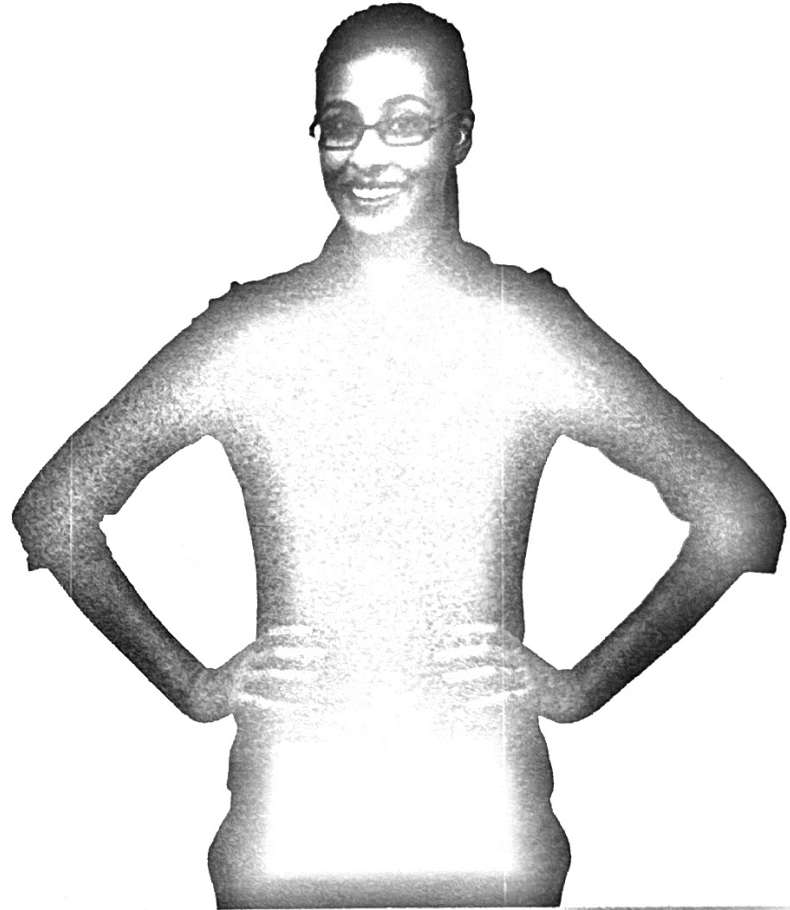
Resilience is the ability to overcome adversity. Protective factors reduce the negative impact of challenges and help foster resilience in youth.



Improving Outcomes

As educators, you can help build students' resilience by

- Connecting them with LGBTQ+ supportive social groups
- Displaying LGBTQ+ role models in educational materials
- Developing **STRONG** policies, procedures, and inclusive curriculum



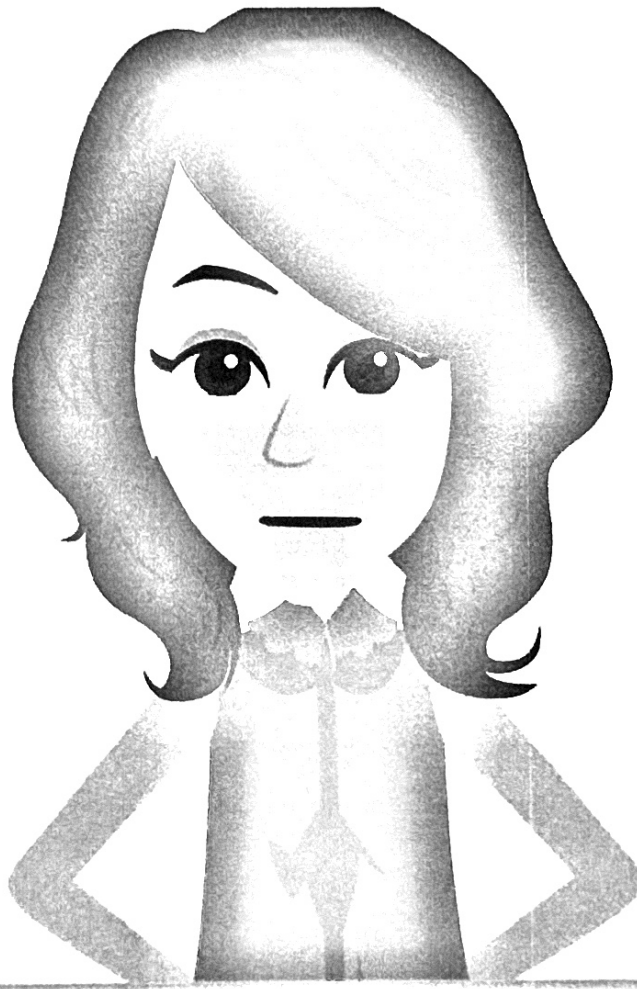
Improving Outcomes



A foundation of understanding and respect will lead to improving mental health for students because

- LGBTQ+ students with inclusive curricula have better academic and mental health outcomes
- Youth who know about harmful substances and alternative ways to decrease stress have increased resilience
- Youth who have a supportive trusted adult can overcome many challenges

LGBT youth are
5X more likely
to skip school!



Protective & Supportive Laws

Most common areas where LGBT students experience discrimination include:

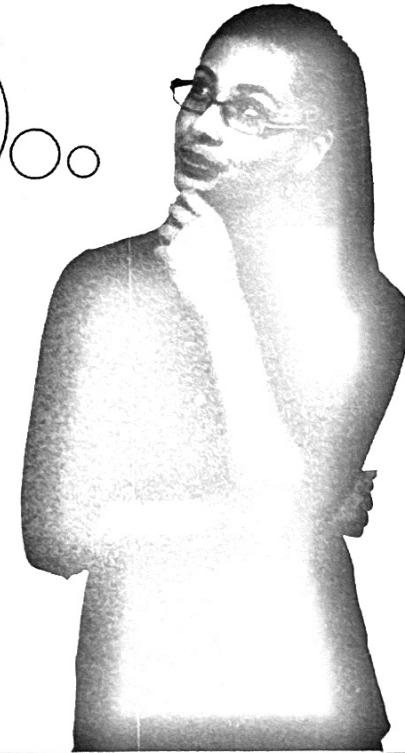
- Harassment and bullying
- Privacy
- Speech
- Gender expression
- Gay-Straight Trans Alliances
- Proms, homecoming and school events



Maine's Supportive Laws & Rights



Are there any
Maine specific laws
I should know?



Maine's Supportive Laws & Rights



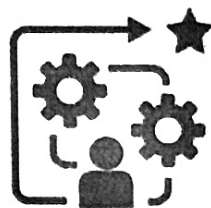
YES!

Over the years, Maine has created several legal protections to support LGBTQ+ students.

Set Schedule



Regularly scheduled learning opportunities should be provided at least annually



- Administrators
- Teachers
- Support staff
- Volunteers



Including LGBTQ+ informed training as certification contact hours

Provide Direct Support

Professional development ensures that school personnel feel confident, and understand the proper terminology to use when talking to LGBTQ+ youth who are trying to

- understand their gender
- discuss their sexual orientation
- request use of a name that aligns with their gender identity



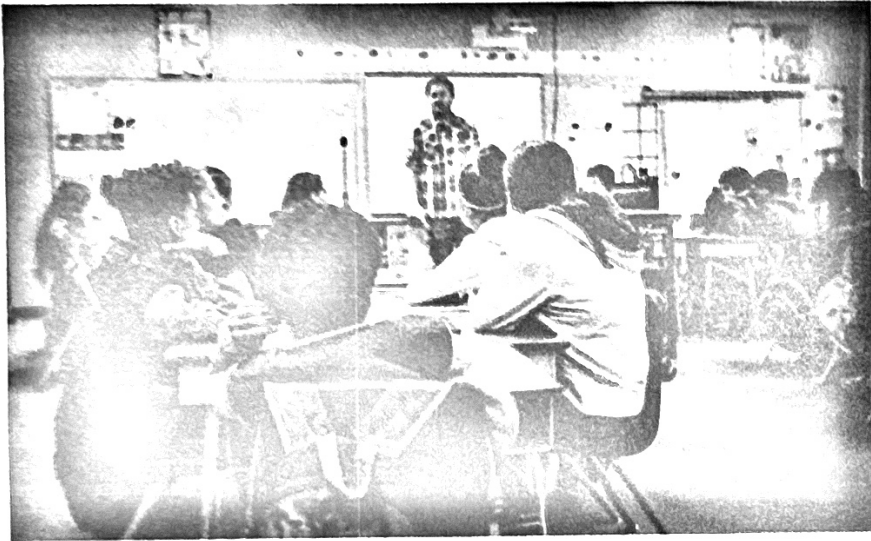
Train to Intervene

- A non-discrimination policy by itself isn't enough
- Students must see the school staff living the values behind the policy



Adults should be trained to act when they see harassment or are informed of harassment or bullying in any form.

Educate Students



Students also should receive regular training so everyone can

- learn about equity
- understand what is expected of them

OutMaine.org

FP #6: Name & Gender Identity

Use students' chosen name, pronouns and gender identity.



- Schools must respect the wishes of students
- Students and staff who engage with these students must use the chosen name and pronouns

FP #6: Name & Gender Identity

Use students' chosen name, pronouns and gender identity.

Related materials like...

- rosters,
- attendance lists, and
- learning management systems

can and should reflect the student's chosen name and pronouns as well as gender identity



FP #6: Name & Gender Identity

Use students' chosen name, pronouns and gender identity.



Inadvertent slips and honest mistakes will happen and a simple correction often is sufficient.

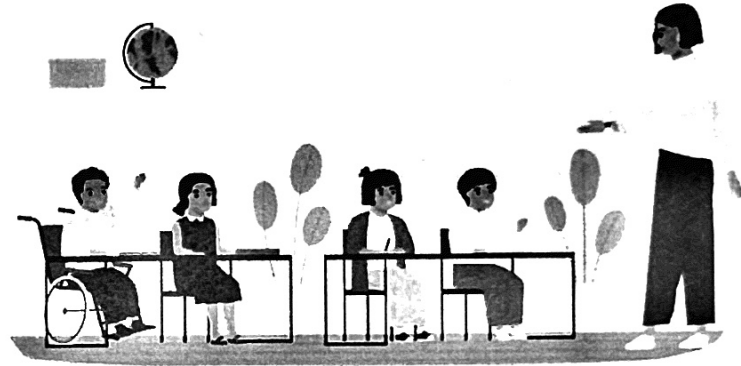
A pattern of refusing to acknowledge a student's gender identity violates the Maine Human Rights Act as well as Maine's Bullying Law.

FP #7: Learning Systems

Ensure learning systems are supportive.

- School learning systems typically use the student's name and gender as reflected on the birth certificate.
- There are a several ways that a student's incorrect name or sex assigned at birth may appear on documents generated by those systems.

EXAMPLE: A substitute teacher calling out names from the attendance sheet can inadvertently out a student.



FP #8: Programs & Facilities

Ensure gender identity drives student access to all facilities and programs.



- All students have the right to use bathrooms, locker rooms, and any other gendered facilities that align with their gender identity.
- They should not be forced or pressured to use alternative facilities.

FP #10: Positive School Culture

Prioritize positive school culture.

A positive school climate is the product of a school's attention to

- fostering safety
- promoting a supportive academic, disciplinary, and physical environment
- encouraging and maintaining trusting, caring and kind relationships

