A Community Conversation:

Developing a Better Understanding About Race

Facilitated by Dr. Rodney D. Smith & Stephenie K. Smith, MSW





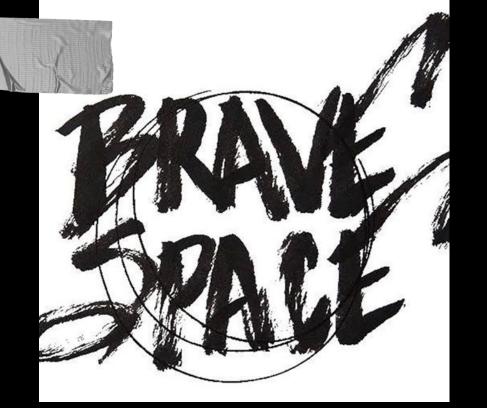
Who Are We!

Change Agents + Community
Mobilizers + DIVERSITY, EQUITY,
BELONGING & INCLUSION
PRACTITIONERS + Business
Consultants + Scholars





. -







Being angry is uncomfortable.
Unpacking your privilege and doing the work is uncomfortable.
Talking about race is uncomfortable.
Being uncomfortable is not the same as being in danger.





Fishbowl Questions

What are you seeing and experiencing? How is it impacting you and those you love?

What do you want to hear or see happen at Pembroke? What needs to be heard?

What can Pembroke do to create a better sense of belonging for students/alumni/faculty/staff?





BIPOC Community

If you notice you're feeling heavier, exhausted & increasingly hypervigilant, your body is coping with traumatic news the best way it can.

Our bodies feel grief & are repeatedly reminded of how unsafe this world is for us.

Please be gentle with yourself!

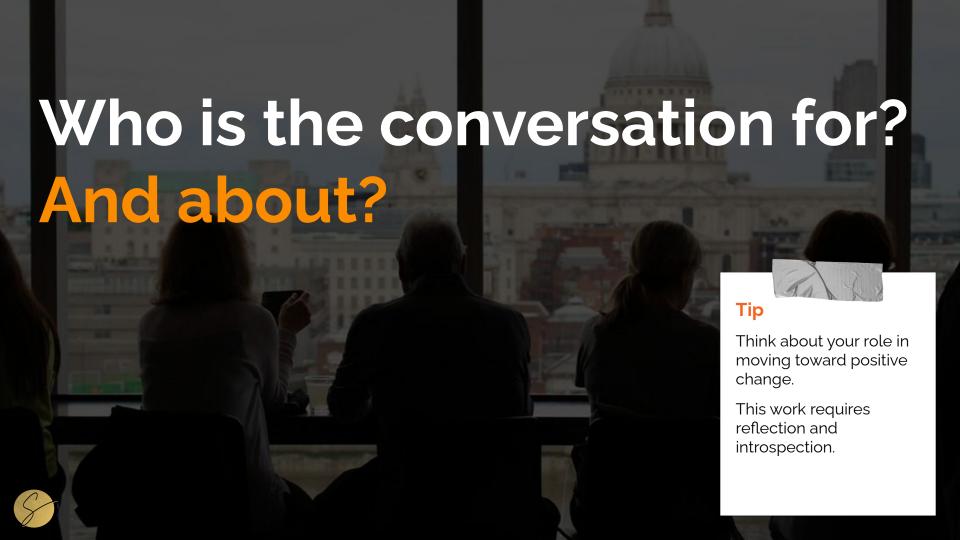


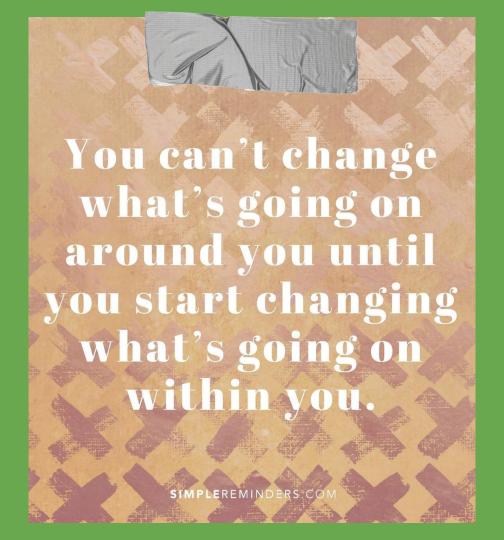


Remember...

There is nothing wrong with you!

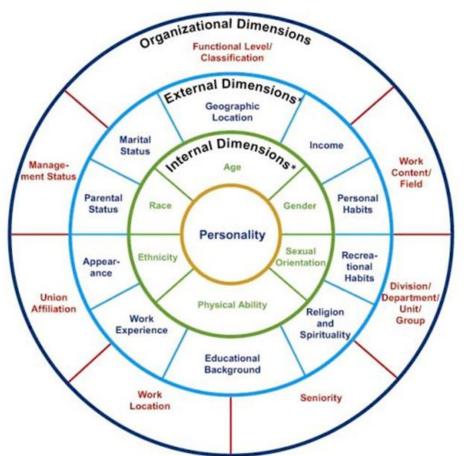








Dimensions of Diversity



Gardenswartz & Rowe,
Diverse Teams at Work
(2nd Edition, SHRM, 2003)



Guiding Principles of Equity

With, Not For!

Get proximate to the problem!

Attempt to change the narrative!

Be open to new information!

Be willing to be uncomfortable!

Commit! Engage! Trust the Process!

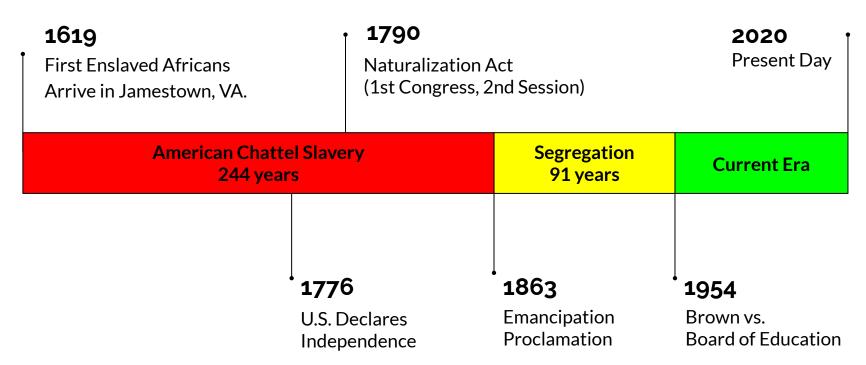
No Quick Fix!

Maintain Hope in the face of brutal facts!





U.S. History





Racism Defined

Race Prejudice

+

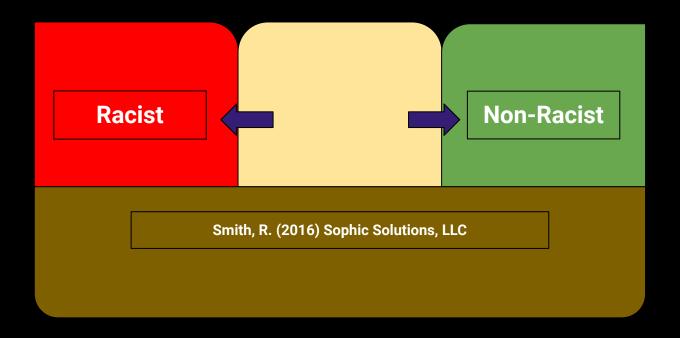
[misuse of] systemic/institutional power

RACISM

(Racial Equity Institute, www.racialequityinstitute.com)



How Racism is Viewed





How Racism Works Acceptance Growth Clarity Racism Confusion Setbacks Denial Smith, R. (2016) Sophic Solutions, LLC



Anti-Racism

Anti-racism is the <u>active process</u> of identifying and eliminating racism by changing systems, organizational structures, policies and practices and attitudes, so that power is redistributed and shared equitably.



Tip

Know the difference between non-racist and anti-racist.

Source: <u>www.aclrc.com</u>

I identify how I may unknowingly benefit from Racism.

I recognize racism is a present & current problem. I promote & advocate for policies & leaders that are Anti-Racist.

I deny racism is a problem.

I seek out questions that make me uncomfortable. I sit with my discomfort.

l avoid hard questions. I understand my own privilege in ignoring racism. I speak out when I see Racism in action.

Becoming Anti-Racist

Fear Zone

Learning Zone

Growth Zone

I strive to be comfortable.

I educate myself about race & structural racism.

I educate my peers how Racism harms our profession.

I talk to others who look & think like me.

I am vulnerable about my own biases & knowledge gaps.

I don't let mistakes deter me from being better.

I listen to others who think & look differently than me.

I yield positions of power to those otherwise marginalized.

I surround myself with others who think & look differently than me.

www.SurgeryRedesign.com



ANTI-RACIST bingo 2

	MCCOMINITION CONTINUE					
MAINCE OR ACCOLADES	DONATE TO ANTI-WHITE SUPREMACY EFFORTS	educate yourself on history	SUPPORT BAIL-OUT EFFORTS	talk about racism with family & friends	DECOLONIZE YOUR BOOKSHELF	SOMRCES & INSPO; @rachel.cargle corinne shutark on neorum betyanna
-NOT FOR PERFORM	examine your own privelege & racism	READ BOOKS BY BLACK AUTHORS	hold your people accountable	SUPPORT BLACK BUSINESSES	speak up	biyanna Laallyhenny Osarahsophief Ladj_diabeatic Oibramx K
K ALCOMNIABILITY	PAY FOR THE LABOR OF BIPOC	follow+leam BIPOC on social media (BE RESPECTFUL)	UNDERSTAND IT'S AN ONGOING PRACTICE THAT REQUIRES OCCUON NOTE THE BODG IS FOR TOUGH USE OF THE BODG IS FOR THE BOD	center BIPOC	CALL OR WRITE TO LEGISLATORS	
*NOTE THIS IS FOR	share BIPOC work on your platforms	JOIN AN ANTI-RACIST WORKING GROUP	give \$\$\$ to therapy funds for BIPOC	PARTICIPATE IN REPARATIONS	watch movies & docs to learn	
@ALYSE KVRIANI	ATTEND PROTESTS	fisten to experiences of BIPOC	CONFRONT RACIST BEHAVIOR/ LANGUAGE	give up money, time, & power	CONTRIBUTE TO LOCAL ORGS	



get comfortable saying:

- 1. thanks for correcting me. i didn't realize that.
- 2. i hadn't thought of it like that, i understand now.
- 3. i was wrong about that, and i've changed my mind.
- 4. i should do some more research before i argue this point.

there's no shame in being wrong, only refusing to learn.

<u>Actor</u>	<u>Ally</u>	<u>Accomplice</u>
Actor can recognize inequity; does not "participate" but does not disrupt the status quo.	An ally is a verb, an action. One needs to act as an ally. Can not bestow this title to themselves.	The action of an accomplice is meant to directly challenge institutional inequity; by blocking or impeding inequitable people, policies, and/ or structures.
	An ally has a greater likelihood to challenge institutionalized inequity. To disrupt and educate. Allies work to learn and grow self.	Accomplices recognize that freedom and equity are bound together for all. Retreat and withdrawal in the face of oppressive structures are not an option.
		Accomplices are not driven by personal guilt or shame.



DBIE Framework

Diversity is the representation. Diversity can be measured through numbers and is usually tracked by race, gender, sexual identity, age, education, economic background.

Belonging is the ongoing culture created to have all people feel welcome across difference. Manifested in the relationships, in conversations, physical space and written word.

You feel comfortable and welcomed going to the party.

Inclusion is the participation. Inclusion is usually achieved when diverse populations are involved in decisionmaking that impacts the policies and practices of the organization.

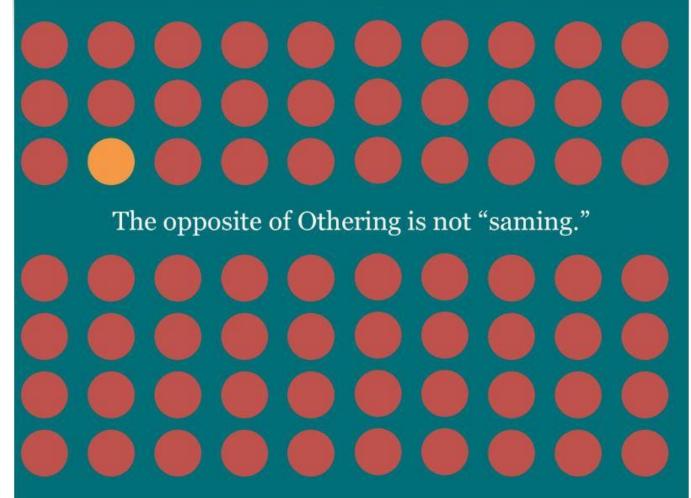
You've been asked to help plan the party.

Equity requires changing structures of power & privilege so disparities of historically underrepresented groups are eliminated and therefore outcomes cannot be predicted by that grouping.

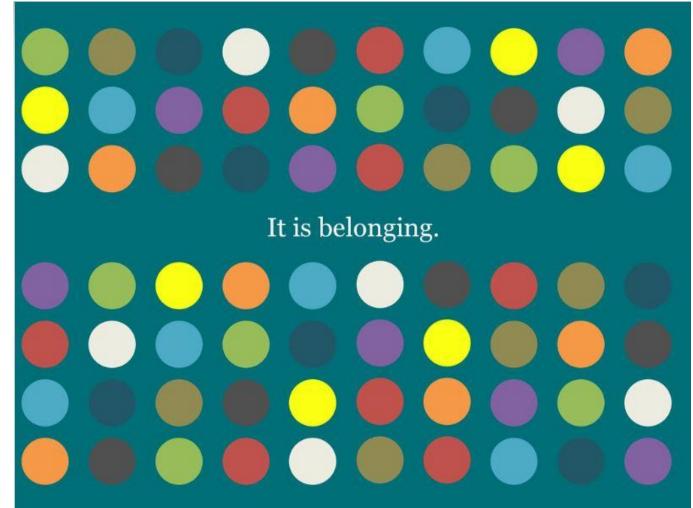
Redefines what the party entails and who has the power to plan the party.

You've been asked to the party.

digdeepforequity.org

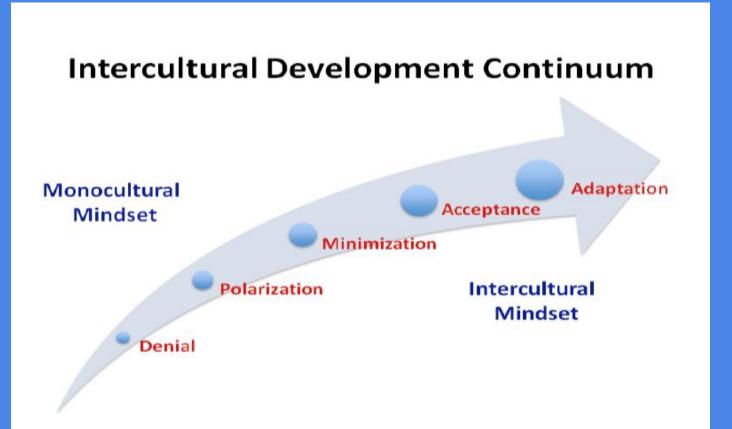








Where Do You Fall?





Diversity, Equity, Inclusion & Justice

"DIVERSITY asks, 'Who's in the room?'

EQUITY responds, 'Who is trying to get in the room but can't? Whose presence in the room is under constant threat of erasure?'

INCLUSION asks, 'Has everyone's ideas been heard?'

JUSTICE responds, 'Whose ideas won't be taken as seriously because they aren't in the majority?"

DIVERSITY asks, 'How many more of [pick any minoritized identity] groups do we have this year than last?'

EQUITY responds. 'What conditions have we created that maintain certain groups as the perpetual majority here?'

INCLUSION asks, 'Is this environment safe for everyone to feel like they belong?'

JUSTICE challenges, 'Whose safety is being sacrificed and minimized to allow others to be comfortable maintaining dehumanizing views?'"

-Dafina-Lazarus Stewart

Mercy Vs. Justice

Evaluate if you are more attracted to "mercy" (ephemeral acts of kindness)

or

"justice" (changing the systems that creates injustice).

Just Mercy



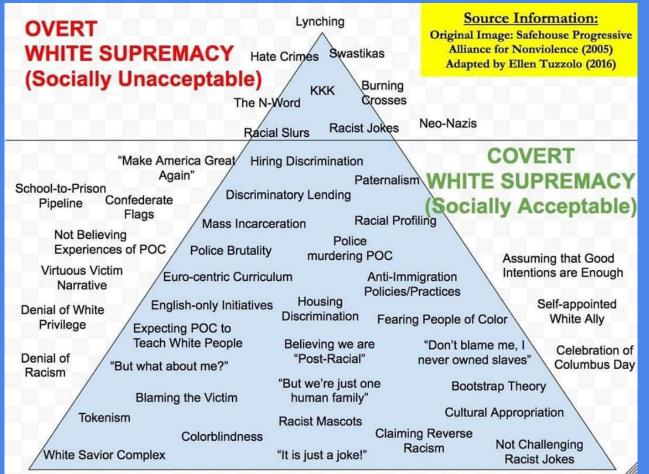


White Supremacy

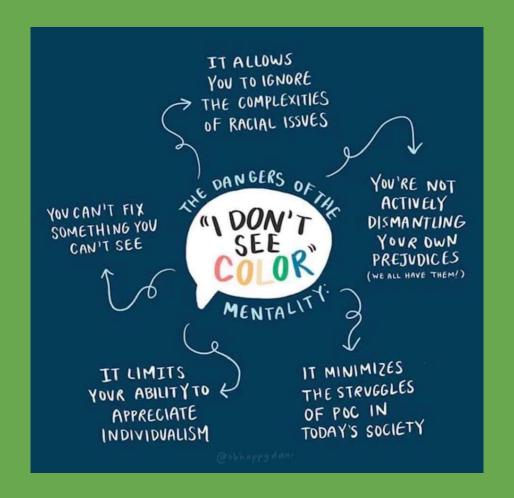
Promotes the idea that whiteness is the ideal of humanity.

(DiAngelo, R. 2018)







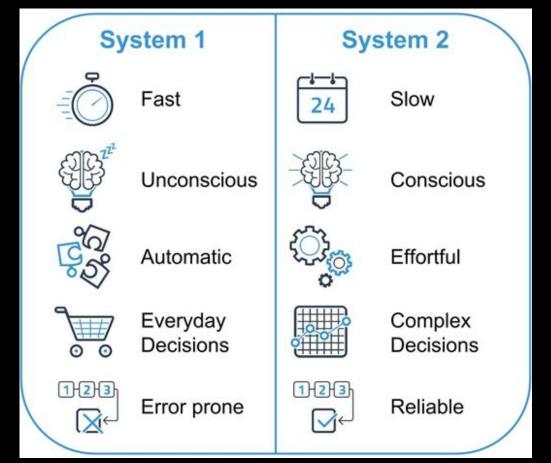








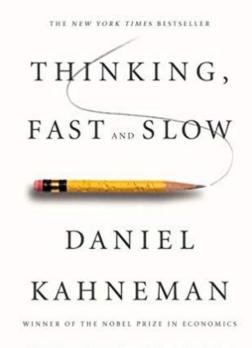
System 1 Vs. System 2 Thinking





Kahneman's Advice:

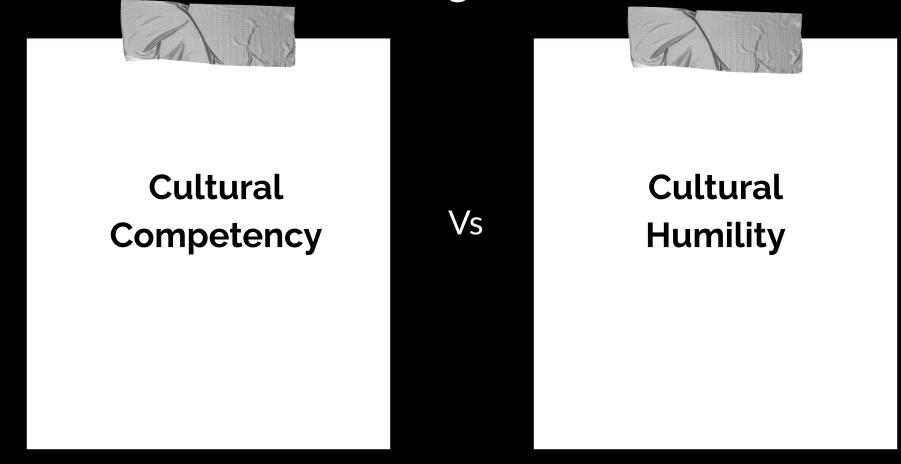
- 1.Be aware of Cognitive Bias
- 2.Use frameworks & theories
- 3. Consider Multiple Perspectives
- 4. Ask Questions!
- 5.Use probabilities & statistics
- 6. Make incremental decisions



"[A] masterpiece... This is one of the greatest and most engaging collections of insights into the human mind I have read." —WILLIAM RASTERLY, Financial Times



Paradigm Shift



A Historical Perspective



Social Security Act of 1935

MORE SECURITY FOR THE AMERICAN FAMILY





FOR INFORMATION WRITE OR CALL AT THE NEAREST FIELD OFFICE OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY BOARD

The Servicemen Readjustment Act of 1944

THE G.I. BILL



President Franklin Roosevelt signs the GI Bill in 1944

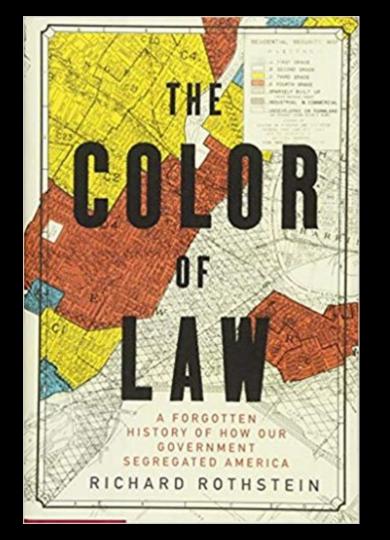
Between 1945 and 1954, the U.S. added 13 million new homes to its housing stock

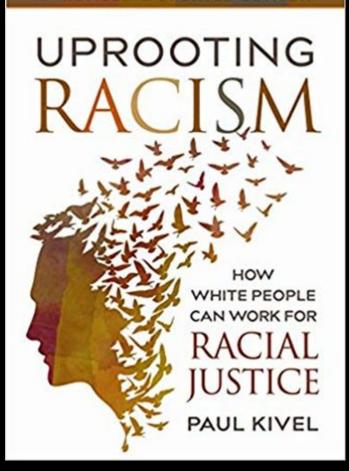
VA Mortgages paid for nearly 5 million new homes, by making homes affordable with low interest rates and 30 year loans.





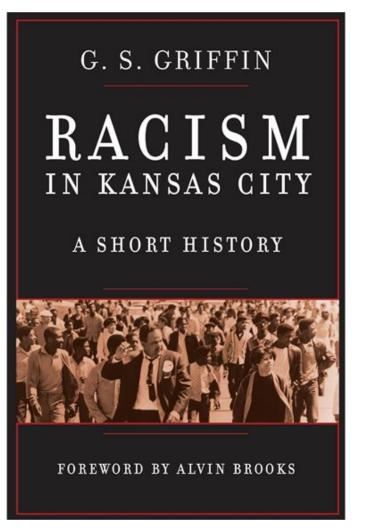
"the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) and Veterans Administration (VA) not only refused to insure mortgages for African Americans in designated [W]hite neighborhoods...they also did not insure mortgages for [W]hites in neighborhoods where African Americans were present." (pg. 13, Rothstein, 2017)





"Between 1934 and 1962, FHA and VA loans financed more than \$120 billion in new housing real estate...less than 2% went to families of color." (pg. 36, Kivel, 2011)

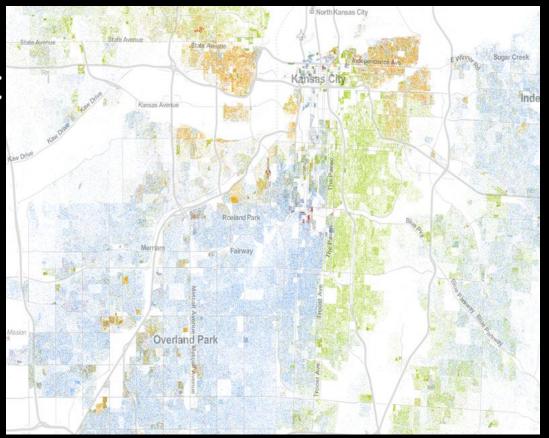
"City officials drew a boundary right down the middle of the city along its longest north-south thoroughfare, Troost Avenue. Let the east side go black, it was decided. We'll hold the line here. Still today, nearly every zip code, every census tract, every voting ward—and, for a long time, every school district—all split right along Troost." (Pg. 79, Griffin, 2015)





Kansas City: One of America's Most Segregated City

24/7 Wall Street.com Aug. 19, 2015



America

74%

64%

Low to Moderate Income

Families of Color

(The National Community Reinvestment Coalition, 2018)



Kansas City

95%

72%

Low to Moderate Income

Families of Color

(The National Community Reinvestment Coalition, 2018)



2019 Federal Poverty Guidelines

PERSONS IN FAMILY/HOUSEHOLD	POVERTY GUIDELINE	
For families/households with more than 8 per	rsons, add \$4,420 for each additional person.	
1	\$12,490	
2	\$16,910	
3	\$21,330	
4	\$25,750	
5	\$30,170	
6	\$34,590	
7	\$39,010	
8	\$43,430	



Poverty, Race/Ethnicity & Geography

Race/Ethnicity	Population	# of Poor People	Poverty Rate	# States w/ Concentrated Poverty
White	192 million	14 million	7%	0
Asian	18 million	1.7 million	9%	N/A
Latinx	58 million	9 million	15%	12
Native American	2 million	446K	22%	N/A
African American	38 million	7.8 million	20%	26

- Concentrated Poverty is defined as a clustering of residential communities with incomes below the people threshold.
- A census tract with 20% poor residents = high concentration of poverty; 40% = very high concentration.
- Virtually the only locations with higher concentrations of poverty are public housing projects, which sometimes approach 100% poor residents.



What does Cultural Humility look like in the workplace?

Think about a time a well-intentioned plan created inequity.



Table Talk

Start Stop

Continue Consider

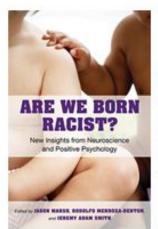


What are the racial/identity implications of every decision you make?

What do people have to give up to be around you?

Examine the 4 P's of Operationalizing Equity (Pedagogy, Policies, Practice, People).









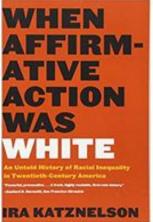
And Other Conversations in an Era of School Resegregation

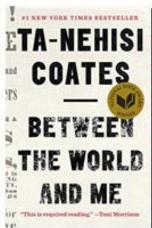
Beverly Daniel Tatum, Ph.D.

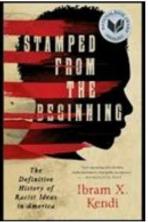
Author of

"Why Are All the Black Kids Silting Together in the Caleteria?"

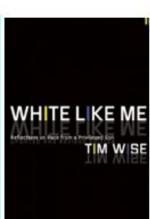


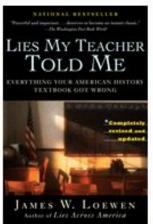


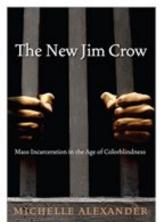


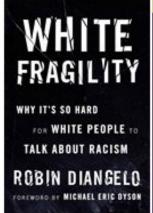


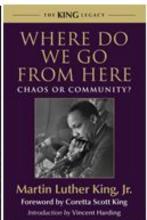












Questions?





www.SophicSolutionsGroup.com

