



Moreno Valley Unified School District AMENDMENT TO CONTRACT (FOR OVER AND UNDER \$5,000)

Proposed B/A Date 9/8/2020
(3 weeks prior to Board Approval)
Actual B/A Date _____

Business Services Approval

Chief Business Official

Initial AN Date 8/27

Elementary/Secondary Education Approval

Initial _____ Date _____

PO or Req. No. _____

Budget Code: 06-122-3010-0-1110-1000-5815

Agreement No. A-19/20 - 3393

Principal or Program Administrator's Signature _____

Educational Services Approval

Maribel Mattox

Chief Academic Officer

Initial MM Date 7/24/2020

THIS AMENDMENT, dated September 9, 2020, to the AGREEMENT between the Moreno Valley Unified School District and Nicole Anderson and Associates Consulting, LLC is as follows:

(Consultant Name as shown on the agreement and W-9)

Amendment No (i.e. 1, 2, or 3) 1

SECTION A - RENEWAL:

☒ **Renewal Option:** List the Renewal Term of Contract: 7/1
9/9/2020 - 6/30/2021

A. Renewal Contract Amount: \$ _____

B. Fee Schedule: \$ 3000.00 per session/Fee schedules attached

SECTION B - AMENDMENTS ONLY (Decrease/Increase/Add Services/Changes to Contract):

☐ This amendment represents a **modification** to services as follows:

ORIGINAL CONTRACT AMOUNT \$ _____

☐ This amendment represents an **increase** in the contract amount or fee schedule attached: \$ _____

☐ This amendment represents a **decrease** in the contract amount or fee schedule attached: \$ _____

NEW CONTRACT AMOUNT \$ _____

ALL OTHER TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE CONTRACT SHALL REMAIN THE SAME.

Requestor's Information

Contact Person Rosa Murga Ext. 17225

School/Department Categorical Programs

Required Updated Forms

- ☒ Summary Page for Ed Services, if applicable
- ☒ Fee Schedule
- ☐ Business/Professional License
- ☒ Insurance: General Liability/Professional Liability/E&O
- ☐ Insurance: Business Auto Liability
- ☐ Insurance: Workers' Compensation or Certification
- ☐ W-9 Form
- ☐ Other: _____

Consultant Authorized Representative

NA
CONSULTANT'S SIGNATURE
Nicole Anderson CEO/Founder
PRINT NAME TITLE
PO Box 5475, Vallejo, CA 94591
Address/City/State/Zip
Phone 707-333-8552 Cell _____
Email nicole@nicoleandersonconsulting.com

Business Services Use Only

Chief Business Official: AN

A-19/20-3393

Nicole Anderson and Associates, LLC

Board Approved: 9/8/20

Term: 7/1/20 through 6/30/21

Moreno Valley Unified School District Educational Services/Categorical Programs

Approval to authorize hiring NICOLE ANDERSON AND ASSOCIATES CONSULTING, LLC, an independent contractor, to provide professional development.

Quick Summary/Recommended Action

Approval of the agreement for Independent Contractor Services with Nicole Anderson Consulting to provide District Walk Through workshops to support district leaders, lead teachers and administrators. These workshops will be scheduled to be held from September 9, 2020 through June 30, 2021, at various sites throughout the District. This professional development opportunity is calculated at \$3000 per workshop.

Summary

This professional development opportunity will focus on providing support for District leaders, school site leaders and administrators. The main focus of the training is equity leadership, improving student achievement in English Language Arts and/or math.

Fiscal Implications

This contract is funded with Title I. The total cost of the contract will not exceed \$3000 per workshop.

Oral report assigned to:

Chief Academic Officer, Educational Services.

h. [signature]

Contracts 7/28
Received: 7/29
To Purchasing: 9/8
Board Date: [signature]



Nicole Anderson And Associates Consulting, L.L.C.

Better Education Through Honest Effective Leadership

*"Educational Leaders:
we cannot close the educational
gaps that we see in our schools if
we don't close the one in our
minds first."*

*-Nicole Anderson-
CEO/Founder*

Nicole Anderson and Associates
Consulting, L.L.C.

PHONE
707-333-8552

ADDRESS
P.O. Box 5475, Vallejo, Ca. 94591

EMAIL
nicole@nicoleandersonconsulting.com

WEBSITE
nicoleandersonconsulting.com

Executive Summary

In order to close equity gaps seen in schools, it is essential that educational leaders build capacity and shift the paradigm of a school system that was not designed to yield successful outcomes for all students. We have designed a rich and comprehensive program with a systems approach to support educational leaders and teams from all educational levels to assist in the development of deep belief systems and understanding of diversity that empowers them to be proactive and responsive to the diverse needs of the communities they serve.

About Us

Nicole Anderson has served in varying roles in education for more than 20 years nationwide. She is a highly qualified developer and facilitator of professional learning services as well as a dedicated advocate for educational equity work. After serving as a school district teacher and Administrator at various levels, Mrs. Anderson served for four years as the first Diversity and Equal Access Executive in the history of the Association of California School Administrators (ACSA), a 50 year old organization with over 18,000 members. In that role, she led work focused on equity and diversity for all people groups including the facilitation of statewide professional learning for ACSA's leaders and state board, coordinated the California Equity Leadership Alliance and created a cadre of networks for administrators of diverse backgrounds. Mrs. Anderson's current work is supported by a team of professional researchers and practitioners which provide her with factually sound content as well the composition of case studies of educational leaders around the state and nation who have locked arms with her on the journey to close educational equity gaps through a systems approach. (See additional details below)

Women's Empowerment
Retreat for Equity Leaders
June 27-28
Registration opening soon

Targeted Scope of Work (1 year)

DATES	SERVICE	Summary of Purpose/Outcomes	STAFFING
September 2021-March 2022 10 days	Facilitation of Equity Walks for Principals	<p>The primary purpose of equity walks is to develop and sharpen the equity leadership lens and allow the gathering of low inference observational data to confirm or challenge assumptions regarding the focus on closing equity gaps for target student groups. The focus of the walks are centered around the existence and impact of cultural identity, relationships, relevance, and rigor in the classrooms and throughout the school. Research shows that these 4 equity indicators correlate with increased student achievement. While the tool is originally designed to guide professional learning space for educational leaders, it can be used as a tool to assess the overall progress towards equity and cultural proficiency. Ultimately, equity walks support ongoing monitoring of implementation of equity action plans but require additional data points to obtain conclusive findings and measure the impact of equitable practices (I.e. surveys, interviews, etc.)</p> <p>The equity walks represent a deeper dive into the equity concepts that were learned in previous professional development sessions. Connections to these concepts include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Data analysis: achievement and access gaps, multiple data points (qualitative, quantitative) ○ Focus areas/equity indicators: cultural identity, relationships, relevance, and rigor ○ Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs ○ History of Public Education (specifically the origin of standardized testing) ○ Ladder of Inference ○ Equity Action Plan components <p>Outcomes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Equity Action Plan development/evolution by each site team ○ Utilization of equity walks to collect qualitative data to inform equity driven work and deepen equity lens at the student level ○ Utilize equity walk data to assess and identify needs of students as well as inform action steps to address these identified needs <p>Product: short summary of equity walk cohort findings to district/each hosting site team</p>	2 Consultants (Nicole Anderson, Kevin Taylor)
September-May 2021-2022 60 days (30 days for principals; 30 days for school leadership teams)	Principal Equity Impact Action Planning/Coaching	<p>Customized support is designed to provide differentiated professional services to individual Principals and Site Equity/Leadership Teams based on their equity leadership journey. This entails a focus on capacity building at the site level through various aspects of equity impact action planning in strategically identifying, implementing, and monitoring actions that impact the closure of equity gaps for identified target student groups. The content will be grounded in research around the 6 conditions of systems change. Activities can include coaching, staff pd sessions, equity walk, data collection, and strategic planning.</p>	2 Consultants (Nicole Anderson, Kevin Taylor)

Investment Proposal

Activity	(Prescribed) Number of days	Sessions	Daily Rate (includes Travel, prep time, and any expenses associated with providing services)	Total
Principal Equity Impact Action Planning/Coaching	30 days	30 sessions	\$3,000	\$90,000
Site/Equity Leadership Team Equity Impact Action Planning/ Coaching	30 days	30 sessions	\$3,000	\$90,000
Facilitation of Equity Walks for Principals	10 days	10 sessions	\$3,000	\$30,000
Total	70 days	70 Sessions	\$ 3,000	\$210,000

Our Vision and Mission

Our *Vision* is to realize the closure of educational equity gaps in school districts throughout the nation.

Our *Mission* is to support educational leaders in the creation of new and equitable schools that intentionally meet the needs of every student in order for them to attain their personal and professional goals and contribute to the transformation of societal constructs and systems. We strive to support educational leaders by building a platform of research-based resources and tools that enable them to shift their mindsets and thus, their practices.

How we Started

Nicole Anderson has over 21 years of service in education. In that timeframe, she has served in many roles around the nation including developer and facilitator of professional learning services as well as an advocate for educational equity work. Nicole was the first Diversity and Equal Access Executive in the history of the Association of California School Administrators (ACSA), a position she held for several years. She led work focused on equity and diversity including the facilitation of statewide professional learning for ACSA's leaders and state board. She initiated the California Equity Leadership Alliance and pioneered networks for administrators of diverse backgrounds. Her work also includes the development of a research team that provides research-based content and conducts case studies of educational leaders around the state on their journey to closing educational equity gaps. Nicole served as the Chair of ACSA's Equity Committee wherein she focused on leading the work to implement a system that will effectively address the beliefs of ACSA around equity for students and leaders in California.

As a practitioner, Nicole served as an Elementary Principal, High School Vice Principal, and High School Assistant Principal/Dean. She has also served in the capacity of Leadership Teacher, Spanish Teacher and Activities Director at Jesse M. Bethel High School; the namesake of her grandfather. She has taken the mantle and is following in his footsteps which includes a legacy of advocacy for equality and civil rights for students of color in the city of Vallejo, the state of California, and around the nation. Nicole continuously works with a strong team of experts and practitioners who support a deeper implementation of equity related work which transcends across the state, nation, as well as multiple industries.

Nicole Anderson Consulting offers Educational Equity Solutions in the form of services, products, and advocacy. Highlights of these solutions include, but are not limited to:

- CSBA: California School Boards Association (equity network, school board study sessions, retreats, and workshops)
- CAFE: California Association For Bilingual Education 2019 featured speaker
- ACSA Equity Leaders Academy Director
- ACSA/CCEE Professional Learning Network Facilitator
- School Board Member Campaign Management
- California County Offices Of Education Training, Coaching, and Network development
- Site Principal And District Cabinet Level Training And Coaching
- Educational Equity Data And Research Support
- Equity Leader Coaching, Mentoring, and Networking
- Equity Action Plan Development
- Equity Retreats
- Equity Walks
- Superintendent Search And Executive Recruitment
- Teacher Pipeline Development
- Women's Empowerment Retreats and Network Development

Our Partners and Associates

We value and thrive from our connections with researchers, practitioners, and experts in the field who provide a wide range of products and services to serve the needs of educational leaders. These partners and associates include but are not limited to the Association of California School Administrators, the California School Boards Association, California Association of Latino Superintendents and Administrators, California Association of African American Superintendents and Administrators, Dr. Jeff Duncan Andrade and Community Responsive Education, McPherson & Jacobson Executive Recruitment, Alder Graduate School of Education, Epoch Education, Footsteps 2 Brilliance, Center for Leadership, Equity, and Research (CLEAR), O. Brown and Associates, Dr. Randall B. Lindsey, Stephanie Graham Rivas, Dr. Shayna Sullivan Langhorne, Rhonda Morgan, Dr. Itoco Garcia, Kevin Taylor, Tovi Scruggs-Hussein, Dr. Debbra Lindo, Dr. Shelley Holt, Steven Joyner, Suwinder Cooper, Casey Layton, and Dr. Zoe Barrholemew.

Our Clients

We are honored to lock arms with clients who are intentionally engaging in the work to close educational gaps in the school system. Our clients have received customized services provided in the form of principal and teacher trainings, equity networks, superintendent searches, parent stakeholder support, keynotes, employee evaluation development, teacher pipeline development, and a variety of other services to advance equity driven work. Some of these current and past clients include:

- Stockton Unified School District
- Elk Grove Unified School District
- Albany Unified School District
- Sunnyvale School District
- Vallejo Unified School District
- Washington Unified School District
- Fairfield-Suisun Unified School District
- Mt. Diablo Unified School District
- Vacaville Unified School District
- Folsom-Cordova Unified School District
- R.J. Neutra Elementary School
- Saucilto-Marin School District
- Rialto Unified School District
- Lynwood Unified School District
- Anaheim Elementary School District
- Murrieta Valley Unified School District
- Villa Lindo Retreat Center
- HT Farms of Penryn Retreat Center
- Salinas City School District
- Salinas Union High School District
- San Diego Unified School District
- Bakersfield City Unified School District
- Manteca Unified School District
- Moreno Valley Unified School District
- Adelanto Elementary School District
- Vista Unified School District
- Hacienda La Puente Unified School District
- Natomas Unified School District
- Victor Valley Union High School District
- Alameda County Office of Education
- San Diego County Office of Education
- Humboldt County Office of Education
- Solano County Office of Education
- Yolo County Office of Education
- Los Angeles County Office of Education
- Pacific Collegiate Charter School
- Highlands Community Charter Schools
- EQ Schools
- California School Boards Association
- Association of California School Administrators
- California Collaborative for Educational Excellence
- California Community College Administrators of Occupational Education
- Center for Powerful Public Schools
- Yuba College
- Las Positas College
- Jefferson Union High School District
- Hemet High/ Unified School District
- San Mateo School District
- San Mateo County School Board Association
- Monterey Peninsula Unified School District
- Lewisville High/ISD (TX)




CERTIFICATE OF LIABILITY INSURANCE

DATE (MM/DD/YYYY)

07/24/2020

THIS CERTIFICATE IS ISSUED AS A MATTER OF INFORMATION ONLY AND CONFERS NO RIGHTS UPON THE CERTIFICATE HOLDER. THIS CERTIFICATE DOES NOT AFFIRMATIVELY OR NEGATIVELY AMEND, EXTEND OR ALTER THE COVERAGE AFFORDED BY THE POLICIES BELOW. THIS CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A CONTRACT BETWEEN THE ISSUING INSURER(S), AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OR PRODUCER, AND THE CERTIFICATE HOLDER.

IMPORTANT: If the certificate holder is an ADDITIONAL INSURED, the policy(ies) must have ADDITIONAL INSURED provisions or be endorsed. If SUBROGATION IS WAIVED, subject to the terms and conditions of the policy, certain policies may require an endorsement. A statement on this certificate does not confer rights to the certificate holder in lieu of such endorsement(s).

PRODUCER  State Farm	GIGI HORTON 1792 TUOLUMNE ST VALLEJO, CA 94589	CONTACT NAME: ANDERSON CEREZO	
		PHONE (A/C, No, Ext): 707.554.1411	FAX (A/C, No): 707.554.1416
		E-MAIL ADDRESS: ANDERSON@GIGIHORTON.COM	
		INSURER(S) AFFORDING COVERAGE	NAIC #
		INSURER A: State Farm Fire and Casualty Company	25143
		INSURER B:	
		INSURER C:	
		INSURER D:	
		INSURER E:	
		INSURER F:	

COVERAGES **CERTIFICATE NUMBER:** **REVISION NUMBER:**

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE POLICIES OF INSURANCE LISTED BELOW HAVE BEEN ISSUED TO THE INSURED NAMED ABOVE FOR THE POLICY PERIOD INDICATED. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY REQUIREMENT, TERM OR CONDITION OF ANY CONTRACT OR OTHER DOCUMENT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THIS CERTIFICATE MAY BE ISSUED OR MAY PERTAIN, THE INSURANCE AFFORDED BY THE POLICIES DESCRIBED HEREIN IS SUBJECT TO ALL THE TERMS, EXCLUSIONS AND CONDITIONS OF SUCH POLICIES. LIMITS SHOWN MAY HAVE BEEN REDUCED BY PAID CLAIMS.

INSR LTR	TYPE OF INSURANCE	ADDL SUBR INSD WVD	POLICY NUMBER	POLICY EFF (MM/DD/YYYY)	POLICY EXP (MM/DD/YYYY)	LIMITS
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY <input type="checkbox"/> CLAIMS-MADE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OCCUR GEN'L AGGREGATE LIMIT APPLIES PER: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> POLICY <input type="checkbox"/> PRO-JECT <input type="checkbox"/> LOC OTHER:		97-C5-Z553-5	07/16/2020	07/16/2021	EACH OCCURRENCE \$ 2,000,000 DAMAGE TO RENTED PREMISES (Ea occurrence) \$ 300,000 MED EXP (Any one person) \$ 5,000 PERSONAL & ADV INJURY \$ 2,000,000 GENERAL AGGREGATE \$ 4,000,000 PRODUCTS - COMP/OP AGG \$ 4,000,000 \$
	AUTOMOBILE LIABILITY <input type="checkbox"/> ANY AUTO <input type="checkbox"/> OWNED AUTOS ONLY <input type="checkbox"/> SCHEDULED AUTOS NON-OWNED AUTOS ONLY <input type="checkbox"/> HIRED AUTOS ONLY					COMBINED SINGLE LIMIT (Ea accident) \$ BODILY INJURY (Per person) \$ BODILY INJURY (Per accident) \$ PROPERTY DAMAGE (Per accident) \$ \$
	UMBRELLA LIAB <input type="checkbox"/> OCCUR EXCESS LIAB <input type="checkbox"/> CLAIMS-MADE OED <input type="checkbox"/> RETENTION \$					EACH OCCURRENCE \$ AGGREGATE \$ \$
	WORKERS COMPENSATION AND EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY ANY PROPRIETOR/PARTNER/EXECUTIVE OFFICER/MEMBER EXCLUDED? (Mandatory in NH) If yes, describe under DESCRIPTION OF OPERATIONS below	<input type="checkbox"/> Y/N <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A				PER STATUTE <input type="checkbox"/> OTH-ER <input type="checkbox"/> E.L. EACH ACCIDENT \$ E.L. DISEASE - EA EMPLOYEE \$ E.L. DISEASE - POLICY LIMIT \$

DESCRIPTION OF OPERATIONS / LOCATIONS / VEHICLES (ACORD 101, Additional Remarks Schedule, may be attached if more space is required)

NICOLE ANDERSON & ASSOCIATES CONSULTING, LLC.
5841 CABERNET DR
VALLEJO, CA 94591

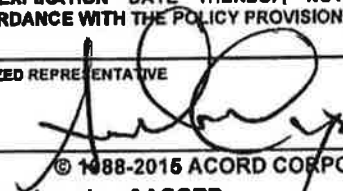
CERTIFICATE HOLDER

LISA BROOMFIELD, DIRECTOR, CATEGORICAL PROGRAMS
MORENO VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT
25634 ALESSANDRO BLVD
MORENO VALLEY, CA 92553

CANCELLATION

SHOULD ANY OF THE ABOVE DESCRIBED POLICIES BE CANCELLED BEFORE THE EXPIRATION DATE THEREOF, NOTICE WILL BE DELIVERED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE POLICY PROVISIONS.

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE



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Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give Form to the
requester. Do not
send to the IRS.

► Go to www.irs.gov/FormW9 for instructions and the latest information.

Print or type.
See Specific Instructions on page 3.

1 Name (as shown on your income tax return). Name is required on this line; do not leave this line blank. Nicole Anderson and Associates Consulting, LLC	
2 Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above	
3 Check appropriate box for federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one of the following seven boxes. <input type="checkbox"/> Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC <input type="checkbox"/> C Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> S Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership <input type="checkbox"/> Trust/estate <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=Partnership) ► S Note: Check the appropriate box in the line above for the tax classification of the single-member owner. Do not check LLC if the LLC is classified as a single-member LLC that is disregarded from the owner unless the owner of the LLC is another LLC that is not disregarded from the owner for U.S. federal tax purposes. Otherwise, a single-member LLC that is disregarded from the owner should check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner. <input type="checkbox"/> Other (see instructions) ►	4 Exemptions (codes apply only to certain entities, not individuals; see instructions on page 3): Exempt payee code (if any) _____ Exemption from FATCA reporting code (if any) _____ <small>(Applies to accounts maintained outside the U.S.)</small>
5 Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.) See instructions. P.O. Box 5475	Requester's name and address (optional)
6 City, state, and ZIP code Vallejo, Ca. 94591	
7 List account number(s) here (optional)	

Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the instructions for Part I, later. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see *How to get a TIN*, later.

Note: If the account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1. Also see *What Name and Number To Give the Requester* for guidelines on whose number to enter.

Social security number									
				-					
or									
Employer identification number									
8	4		4	7	3	2	6	6	2

Part II Certification

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me); and
2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding; and
3. I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and
4. The FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting is correct.

Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions for Part II, later.

Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person 	Date 3/13/2020
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General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future developments. For the latest information about developments related to Form W-9 and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW9.

Purpose of Form

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following.

- Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid)

- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds)
 - Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds)
 - Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers)
 - Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions)
 - Form 1099-K (merchant card and third party network transactions)
 - Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), 1098-T (tuition)
 - Form 1099-C (canceled debt)
 - Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property)
- Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

If you do not return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See What is backup withholding, later.

By signing the filled-out form, you:

1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income, and
4. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting, is correct. See *What is FATCA reporting*, later, for further information.

Note: If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax under section 1446 on any foreign partners' share of effectively connected taxable income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, the rules under section 1446 require a partnership to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the section 1446 withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid section 1446 withholding on your share of partnership income.

In the cases below, the following person must give Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States.

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the entity;
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the trust; and
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Pub. 515, *Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities*).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items.

1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
2. The treaty article addressing the income.
3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

Backup Withholding

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 24% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the instructions for Part II for details),
3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,
4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See *Exempt payee code*, later, and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Also see *Special rules for partnerships*, earlier.

What is FATCA Reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all United States account holders that are specified United States persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See *Exemption from FATCA reporting code*, later, and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account; for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; **do not** leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account (other than an account maintained by a foreign financial institution (FFI)), list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9. If you are providing Form W-9 to an FFI to document a joint account, each holder of the account that is a U.S. person must provide a Form W-9.

a. Individual. Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

Note: ITIN applicant: Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040/1040A/1040EZ you filed with your application.

b. Sole proprietor or single-member LLC. Enter your individual name as shown on your 1040/1040A/1040EZ on line 1. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.

c. Partnership, LLC that is not a single-member LLC, C corporation, or S corporation. Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

d. Other entities. Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

e. Disregarded entity. For U.S. federal tax purposes, an entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner is treated as a "disregarded entity." See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2)(iii). Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the entity entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2, "Business name/disregarded entity name." If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, you may enter it on line 2.

Line 3

Check the appropriate box on line 3 for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box on line 3.

IF the entity/person on line 1 is a(n) . . .	THEN check the box for . . .
• Corporation	Corporation
• Individual	Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC
• Sole proprietorship, or	
• Single-member limited liability company (LLC) owned by an individual and disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes.	
• LLC treated as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes,	Limited liability company and enter the appropriate tax classification. (P= Partnership; C= C corporation; or S= S corporation)
• LLC that has filed Form 8832 or 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, or	
• LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner but the owner is another LLC that is not disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes.	
• Partnership	Partnership
• Trust/estate	Trust/estate

Line 4, Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space on line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

Exempt payee code.

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space in line 4.

1—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2)

2—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities

3—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities

4—A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities

5—A corporation

6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or possession

7—A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission

8—A real estate investment trust

9—An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940

10—A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a)

11—A financial institution

12—A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian

13—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for . . .	THEN the payment is exempt for . . .
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 ¹	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5 ²
Payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4

¹ See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Exemption from FATCA reporting code. The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) written or printed on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37)

B—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities

C—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities

D—A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)

E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)

F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state

G—A real estate investment trust

H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940

I—A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a)

J—A bank as defined in section 581

K—A broker

L—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1)

M—A tax exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan

Note: You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns. If this address differs from the one the requester already has on file, write NEW at the top. If a new address is provided, there is still a chance the old address will be used until the payor changes your address in their records.

Line 6

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note: See *What Name and Number To Give the Requester*, later, for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at www.SSA.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/Businesses and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. Go to www.irs.gov/Forms to view, download, or print Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4. Or, you can go to www.irs.gov/OrderForms to place an order and have Form W-7 and/or SS-4 mailed to you within 10 business days.

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note: Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, 4, or 5 below indicates otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt payee code*, earlier.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

3. Real estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).

5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), ABLE accounts (under section 529A), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
2. Two or more individuals (joint account) other than an account maintained by an FFI	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account ¹
3. Two or more U.S. persons (joint account maintained by an FFI)	Each holder of the account
4. Custodial account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
5. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)	The grantor-trustee ¹
b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The actual owner ¹
6. Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³
7. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))	The grantor ⁴
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
8. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
9. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity ⁴
10. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
11. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
12. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
13. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee

For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
14. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
15. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))	The trust

¹ List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

³ You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

⁴ List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see *Special rules for partnerships*, earlier.

***Note:** The grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

Note: If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records From Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Pub. 5027, Identity Theft Information for Taxpayers.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a systemic problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to phishing@irs.gov. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at spam@uce.gov or report them at www.ftc.gov/complaint. You can contact the FTC at www.ftc.gov/idtheft or 877-IDTHEFT (877-438-4338). If you have been the victim of identity theft, see www.IdentityTheft.gov and Pub. 5027.

Visit www.irs.gov/identitytheft to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.